N BIO - MAGNESIUM

(xvlidvl blue method)

KIT NAME	KIT SIZE	CAT. NO
N BIO - Magnesium	2 x 50 ml	MMAG02050M

INTRODUCTION

Magnesium is the second more abundant intracellular cation of the human body after potassium, being essential in great number of enzymatic and metabolic processes. It is a cofactor of all enzymatic reactions that involve the ATP and comprises of the membrane that maintains the electrical excitability of the muscular and nervous cells. A low magnesium level is found in malabsorbtion syndrome, diuretic or aminoglucoside theraphy, hyperparathyroidism or diabetic acidosis. Elevated concentration of magnesium is found in uremia, chronic renal failure, glomerulonephritis, Addison's disease or intensive anti acid theraphy 1,4,5. Clinical diagnosis should not be made on a single test result; it should integrate clinical and other laboratory data.

METHOD PRINCIPLE

At Alkaline pH magnesium reacts with xylidyl blue and produces a chelating red coloured compound. The red increasing or the blue decreasing colors are proportional to magnesium concentration.

KIT CONTENTS

Reagent Name	MMAG02050M	
R1 - Magnesium Reagent	2 x 50 ml	
R2 - Standard	1 vial	

Please refer the standard value mentioned in the vial.

WORKING REAGENT PREPARATION AND STABILITY

The reagent is ready to use.

CONCENTRATIONS IN THE TEST

Potassium Carbonate 58 mmol/L EGTA 0.04 mmol/L Xylidyl Blue 0.10 mmol/L

ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

- · Automatic analyzer or photometer able to read at 520 nm
- Thermostat at 37°C
- · General laboratory equipment

SPECIMEN

Serum free from hemolysis. When using plasma avoid EDTA which may increase the results. Urine should be previously taken to an acid pH value (pH 3-4) by adding some drops of HCL, than dilute with 1+5 with distilled water.

PROCEDURE

These reagents may be used both for manual assay and in several automatic analysers. Applications for them are available on request.

 Wavelength
 520 nm

 Temperature
 37°C

 Cuvette
 1 cm

Pipette into the cuvette:

Reagent	Blank (B)	Standard (S)	Test (T)		
R1 Magnesium Reagent	1000 μ1	1000 μ1	1000 μl		
Bring up the temperature of determination. Then add,					
Distilled water	10 μl				
R2 - Standard		10 μ1			
Sample			10 μl		

Mix well and incubate for 5 minute. Read the absorbance of test sample A(T) and standard sample A(S) against reagent blank (B).

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CALCULATION

Magnesium Concentration = A(T) / A(S) x standard concentration

REFERENCE VALUES

1.9 to 2.5 mg/dl

It is recommended for each laboratory to establish its own reference ranges for local population.

OUALITY CONTROL

To Ensure adequate quality control, each run should include assayed normal and abnormal controls. If commercial controls are not available it is recommended that known value samples be aliquoted, frozen and used as controls.

For Fully Automated analyzers by using multi-calibrator or lactate standard the calibration curve can plot and the same should be prepared every 3 weeks or with change of reagent lot number.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

• Linearity: up to 5 mg/dl. For higher concentration of magnesium dilute the sample with 0.9% NaCl and repeat the assay. Multiply the result by dilution factor.

LITERATURE

- 1. Bohuen C.Clin, Acta 155 (1957).
- 2. Mann, C Land Yoe, JH., Anal Chem 28., 202 (1955).
- 3. Fragay DA., Casey Clin, Biochem., 791 (1974).

SYSTEM PARAMETERS

Method	End Point	
Wavelength	505 nm	
Zero Setting	Reagent Blank	
Temperature Setting	37° C	
Incubation Temperature	37° C	
Incubation Time	5 mins	
Delay Time		
Read Time		
No. of Reading		
Interval Time		
Sample Volume	0.01 ml (10 ul)	
Reagent Volume	1.0 ml (1000 ul)	
Standard Concentration	Refer Standard vial	
Units	mg/dl	
Factor		
Reaction Slope	Increasing	
Linearity	5 mg/dl	





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